CDTI-NEDO online Joint Workshop on Hydrogen Technology - Green Hydrogen Production & Mobility -





High-Pressure Hydrogen Compression Technology: Key to the New Energy Economy?

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 Hiperbaric is a company with more than 20 years of experience leading the High-Pressure Processing Technology worldwide.



✓ Turnover above 50 M €



Team of more than 120 employees. More than 60% engineers and 10 PhD



✓ We have participated in more than 20 R&D projects, investing over 18 M €







✓ We keep confident in our values, that have led us to our current situation and granted us the international reputation that we held nowadays.



 Mission: satisfy our customers requirements with reliability to commercialize healthy foods, focusing on the development of the human team.



 Vision: to be the reference provider worldwide on High Pressure Technology machines.



 Values: we are oriented towards our customers, with reliability and trust.
We keep with enthusiasm, commitment, initiative, teamwork, austerity and clarity





HIPERBARIC High Pressure Technologies Products, services, technologies of the company



HPP Technology

- Isostatic pressure application at 6000 bar.
- Enhances self-life of foods with high content of water.
- Avoids the use of any chemical or heat treatment, preserving its taste properties.
- First world development of HPP-Bulk technology for processing food products with HPP but without plastic packaging.

Hot Isostatic Pressing

- Isostatic pressure and temperature at 2000 bar and 1400 °C
- Heat-treatment ideal for additive manufacturing technology as a post processing technology to increase mechanical properties of parts made by Additive Manufacturing.

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Hydrogen Gas Compression

- Compression from 20 bar up to 1000 bar
- Mass flow over 20 kg/hour.



HIPERBARIC High Pressure Technologies Hydrogen compression Heat

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Why do we compress hydrogen?

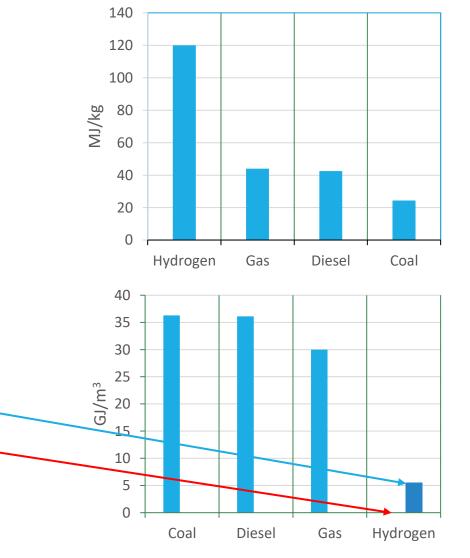
Hydrogen has the highest heat power per kg of all the know fuels

Hydrogen:	120	MJ/kg
Gas:	44	MJ/kg
Diesel:	42,5	MJ/kg
Coal:	24,4	MJ/kg

Unfortunately, at amospheric pressure and 25°C, the energetic values are change drastically:

Hydrogen (900 bar)	5,5	GJ/m ³
Hydrogen gas:	9,84	MJ/m ³
Gas:	30	GJ/m ³
Diesel:	36,1	GJ/m ³
Coal:	36,6	GJ/m ³





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HIPERBARIC High Pressure Technologies Hydrogen compression



- The core of the compressor is the multiplier
 - It turns the hydraulic pressure (300 bar) into hydrogen pressure (1000 bar).
 - Long stroke (500 mm) to optimize mass flow and energy consumption and heat exchange.
 - Physical separation between fluids to ensure the oil-free operation of the compressor.
- Hydraulic system
 - New hydraulic technology that avoids excess of oil reservoir and reduces overheating.
 - Optimal balance between power-flow requirements.
- ✓ Safety
 - Concern over the safety requirements for civil operation.
 - Self-diagnosis of hydrogen leaks and constant air renovation.





HIPERBARIC High Pressure Technologies Hydrogen compression



- Two multiplier models
 - Model 1: from [40,200] bar to 1000 bar.
 - Model 2: from [20,40] bar to 500 bar.
- Compact compression unit (*plug and play* concept)
 - It gathers the hydraulic, cooling and safety systems.
 - It can be customized with different multipliers. It adapts to many different projects.

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- Ready to plug into hydrogen refuelling stations.
 - Civil transport
 - Industry and hydrogen transport service.







Hydrogen use for civil transport

- Hiperbaric is ready to lead the transition from the fossil fuels to hydrogen energy system, developing the refuelling infrastructure needed to supply power to the new generation of vehicles.
- In Spain, the current vision in the short-term is to provide medium size examples of hydrogen supply chains, from generation to final use.
 - For this project, Spain is ready to deploy its compression technology
 - Japan could spread its vehicle industry, developed to work with hydrogen.
- On the mid-term vision, a collaboration between both countries could be reciprocal, working on the installation of the refuelling stations and providing the transport solution for the civil public in both countries.







- Hydrogen use for industry
 - Autonomous systems of compressed hydrogen and fuel-cells could start as demonstrative industrial power plants.
 - The hydrogen industry has to grow in terms of mass production if it is to be compared with the current scale-energy industries based on fossil and nuclear fuels.
 - Both countries can be benefit if work together on first small and medium industry projects.









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