## **New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization**







## Plastic Recycling Market Research in Thailand

**Interview report** 

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## About the project





Project : Plastic Recycling Market Research in Thailand

Background : NEDO is planning to solve the issues happening in the plastic recycling market in

Thailand by giving supports to Japanese companies who can be potential solution providers

Objectives of this project

- (a) To get insights about current plastic recycling situation in Thailand
- (b) To identify the issues that are occurring in the plastic recycling map
- (c) To determine potential solutions that NEDO could implement to solve the issues



## LiB Consulting is the number one consulting firm specializing in increasing topline revenue and bottom-line profit

# No. 1 Consulting Firm specializing in increasing top-line revenue and bottom-line profit



# Extensive experience in building system and execution

Operation tools

**Execution tools** 

PDCA tools

Organization system

Visualization

Motivation Management

**Organization development** 

i.e. reward system, evaluation system

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# LiB has approached various government departments and corporate industries to maximize the quality of interview results for the project

- Government interviews
  - Thailand Institute of Packaging and Recycling Management for Sustainable Environment (TIPMSE)
  - Department of Industrial Works (DIW)
  - 3 Academic professors

- Corporate interviews
  - Automotive
  - Electronic appliances
  - Food and beverages
  - Plastic producer
  - Waste management/recycling



# Five interviews with both government organizations and academic professors were conducted

### Objectives

- (a) To validate as-is and to-be facts collected by desktop research
- (b) To validate recycling process map
- (c) To identify issues occurring along the recycling map
- (d) To gather solution ideas to solve the issues in the recycling map

Type	Organization	Position
Government organization	Thailand Institute of Packaging and Recycling Management for Sustainable Environment (TIPMSE)	Deputy Director and Acting Director
	Department of Industrial Works (DIW)	Director of Industrial Permit Services Division 1
Academic professors	Environmental Research Institute at Chulalongkorn University	<ul> <li>Senior researcher</li> <li>Researcher</li> </ul>
	Petroleum and Petrochemical College at Chulalongkorn University	Professor

# Moreover, interviews with 14 large private Japanese and Thai corporates were also conducted to obtain factual insights

# **Objectives of** the interview

- (a) To gather information about private companies' goals and actions in the plastic recycling chain in Thailand
- (b) To gather opinions on private companies' willingness to solve the existing issues in the plastic recycling chain
- (c) To gather solution ideas to solve the issues in the recycling map

Industry	No. of companies	Position
Electrical appliances	3 Japanese companies	<ul><li>General Managers</li><li>Manufactured System Engineers</li></ul>
Automotive	<ul><li> 3 Japanese companies</li><li> 1 Thai company</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Vice President</li> <li>General Managers</li> <li>Sustainability Development Managers</li> </ul>
Food and beverages	• 1 Japanese company	Vice president
Plastic producer	<ul><li>1 Japanese company</li><li>2 Thai companies</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Chief Operating Officer</li> <li>Sales Vice President</li> <li>Managing Director</li> </ul>
Waste management / recycling	<ul><li>1 Japanese company</li><li>2 Thai companies</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Managing Director</li> <li>Division General Manager</li> <li>President</li> </ul>

# The interview results can be divided into three major parts: plastic recycling process map, existing plastic recycling issues, and potential solutions for NEDO

Plastic recycling process map

Existing process

Existing plastic recycling issues

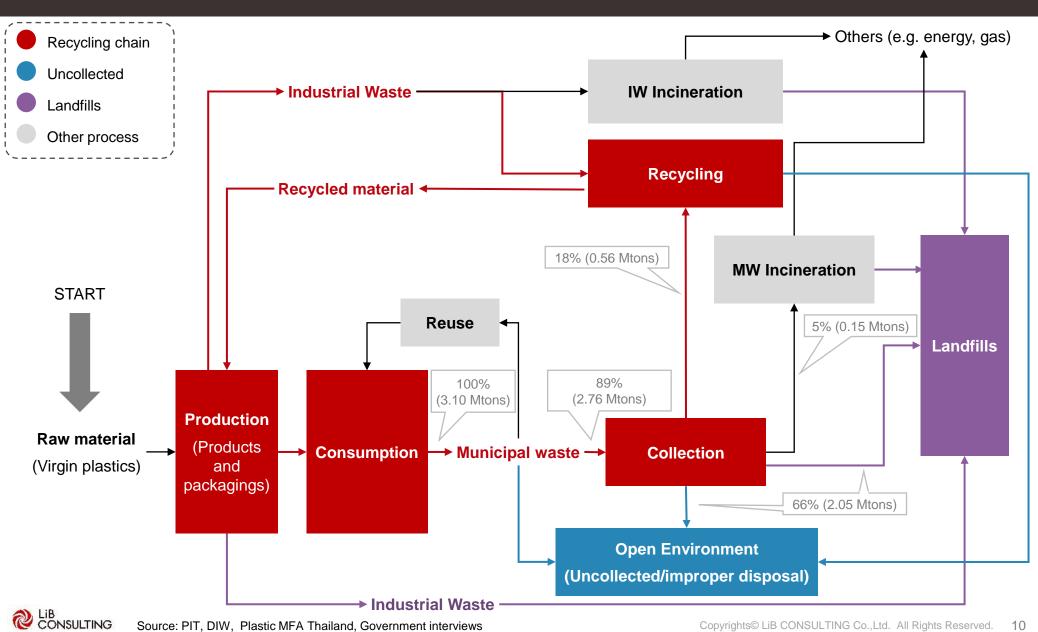
Potential solutions for

**NEDO** 

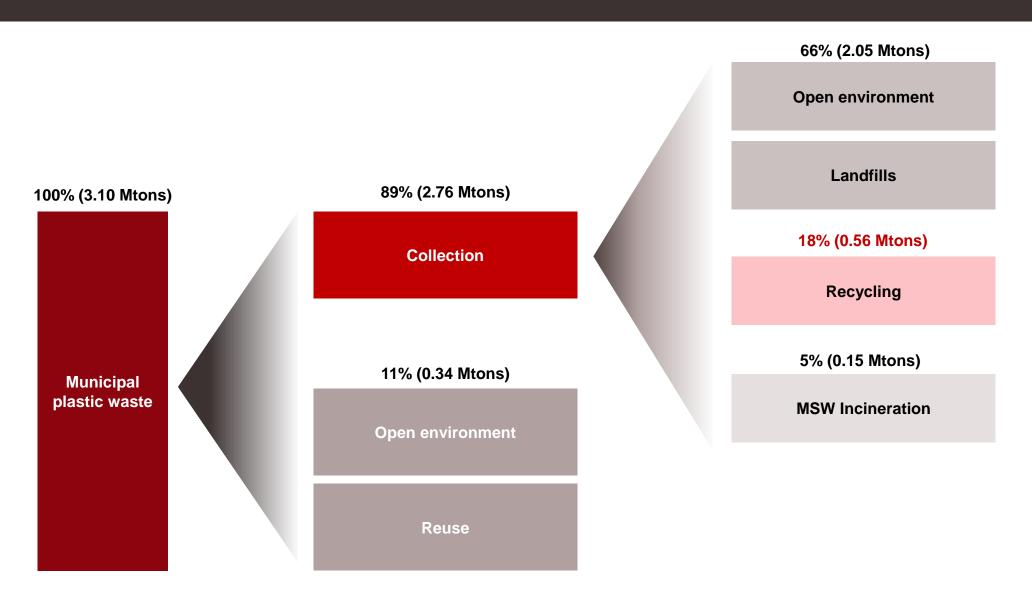


## Some part of both consumption (municipal) and production (industrial) waste are collected for recycling





# However, only 18% of the total municipal plastic waste was recycled in 2021 although 89% was collected

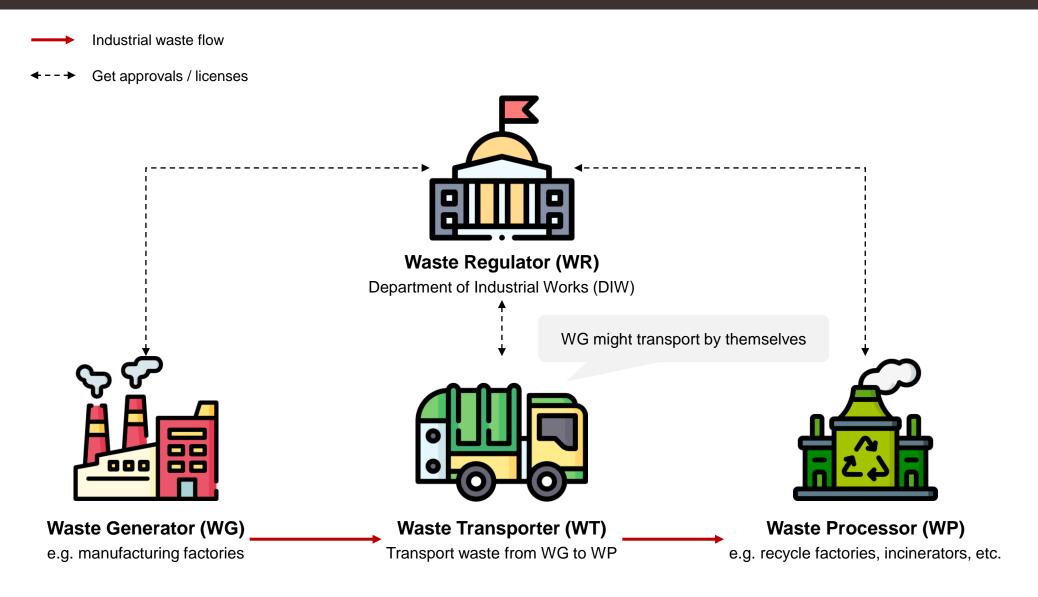


Municipal waste issues	Definition
(1) Poor collection	General waste is mismanaged/improperly disposed/leakage during collection, resulting in high amount of uncollected waste
(2) Poor sorting	<ul> <li>General waste is not sorted properly due to</li> <li>Consumer behavior</li> <li>Inefficient sorting system</li> <li>Lack mandatory extended producer responsibility</li> </ul>
(3) Lack advanced technology in recycling	Recycling factories avoid investment in advanced recycling technology due to lack of fundings and low value-added of processed materials
(4) Inconsistent or insufficient supplies for recycling	Plastic waste is not enough for recycling in each period
(5) Low quality recycled material	Processed materials from recycling has low quality due to the contamination of waste that recycling factories received
(6) Poor management on pollution after recycling process/accidents	Recycling process creates pollution and often creates flame accidents in Thailand
(7) Limited capacity on type of plastic recycle (only PET, HDPE, PP)	There are only three main types of plastic that are recycled in Thailand, but other types are not recycled due to poor management
(8) Limited demand for recycled plastic materials	Manufacturing companies has low demand for recycled plastic materials as the quality is low and cost is high compared to virgin plastics



# On the contrary, WG are required look after the industrial waste they generated until completely processed

b Existing plastic recycling issues

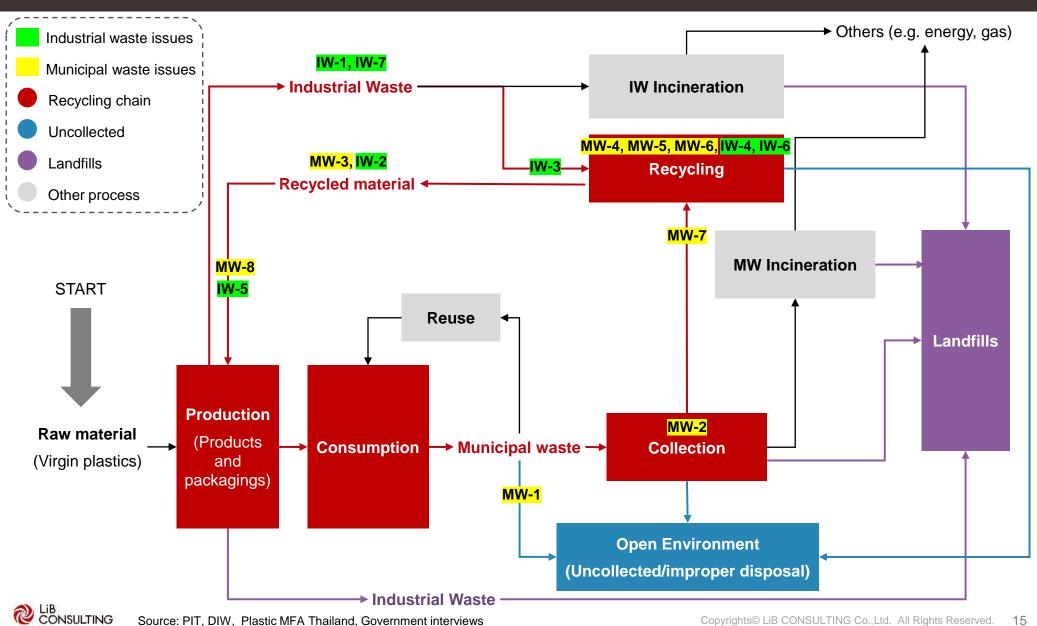


Industrial waste issues	Definition
(1) Lack effective system for data collection and analysis	Waste generators and waste regulators do not have an effective data collection and analysis to manage industrial waste efficiently
(2) Poor sorting	<ul> <li>Industrial waste is not sorted properly due to</li> <li>Lack know-how or tools for sorting</li> <li>Lack strict mandatory regulations on waste sorting</li> </ul>
(3) Lack advanced technology in recycling	Recycling factories avoid investment in advanced recycling technology due to lack of fundings and low value-added of processed materials
(4) Inconsistent or insufficient supplies for recycling	Plastic waste is not enough for recycling in each period
(5) Low quality recycled material	Processed materials from recycling has low quality due to the contamination of waste that recycling factories received
(6) Limited capacity on type of plastic recycle (only PET, HDPE, PP)	There are only three main types of plastic that are recycled in Thailand, but other types are not recycled due to poor management
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## The issues can be mapped along the flows of the plastic recycling process map

b Existing plastic recycling issues



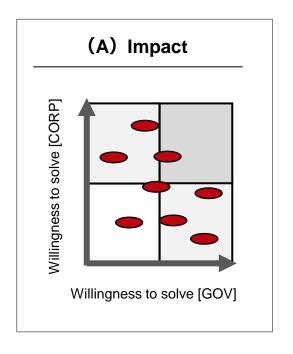
# Eight potential solutions were designed according to the rank of criticality of the issues

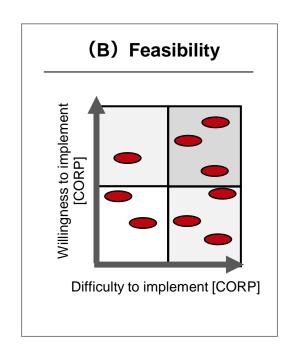
### **Potential solutions**

- (1) Partnership with law-drafting team and support on webinars for waste regulators
- (2) Partnership with Japanese companies to be educational providers to private companies/ consumers
- (3) Support technology/ innovation/ know-how for "Waste sorting, cleaning, or collecting"
- (4) Support technology/ innovation/ know-how for "Recycling"
- (5) Material recovery facility
- (6) Producer Responsibility Organization (PRO)
- (7) Online matching platform
- (8) Data collection and analysis tools



### Prioritizing solutions to be solved







# High-priority solutions will be selected according to the results for the creation of solution model



Industry

☐ = High-priority area for only "Feasibility"

Blank = does not fall in any high-priority areas

### High-priority solution evaluation result from each industry

				,		
Solution name	Electrical appliance	Automotive	Food and beverage	Plastic producer	Waste management	All industries
(1) Partnership with law-drafting team and support on webinars for waste regulators	0	0	$\triangle$	0	$\triangle$	0
(2) Partnership with Japanese companies to be educational providers to private companies/ consumers	$\triangle$	0	$\triangle$	$\triangle$	$\triangle$	$\triangle$
(3) Support technology/ innovation/ know-how for "Waste sorting, cleaning, or collecting"		$\triangle$	$\triangle$	0	$\triangle$	
(4) Support technology/ innovation/ know-how for "Recycling"		$\triangle$		0		$\triangle$
(5) Material recovery facility	$\triangle$	0	$\triangle$	$\triangle$	$\triangle$	$\triangle$
(6) Producer Responsibility Organization (PRO)		0	$\triangle$	$\triangle$	$\triangle$	$\triangle$
(7) Online matching platform	$\triangle$	0		0	0	0
(8) Data collection and analysis tools		0		$\triangle$	$\triangle$	$\triangle$

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 $\triangle$  = High-priority area for only "Impact"

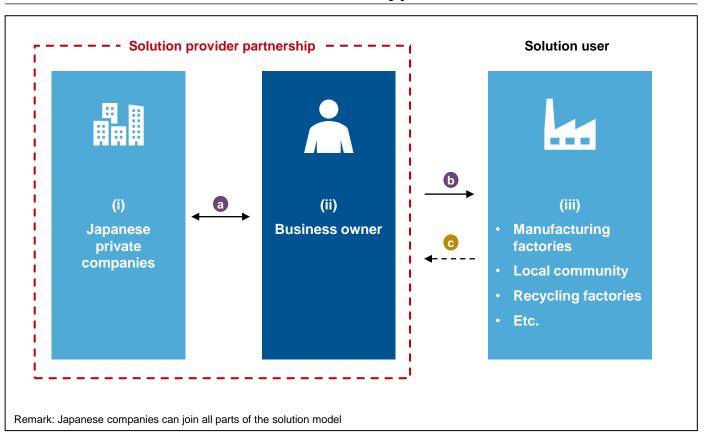
O = High-priority area for both "Impact" & "Feasibility"

# Solution 3,4 – Support technology/ innovation/ know-how for "Recycling"

Goal

- To get higher quality supplies to produce higher quality recycled material
- To get higher value of recycled material from the increase in quality level

### Solution model hypothesis



### **Explanation**



#### **Roles**

- (i) Transfer technology and know-how
- (ii) Facilitate the transfer of technologies and know-how [e.g. knowledge sharing programs]
- (iii) Receive supports for technologies and know-how transfer



#### **Activities**

- (a) Partner for technology and know-how transfer
- (b) Transfer technology and know-how for waste sorting, cleaning, collecting, and recycling



#### **Examples**

Reversed vending machine



Chemical recycling



#### Cash flow

(c) Licensing fees/ training fees/ consulting fees









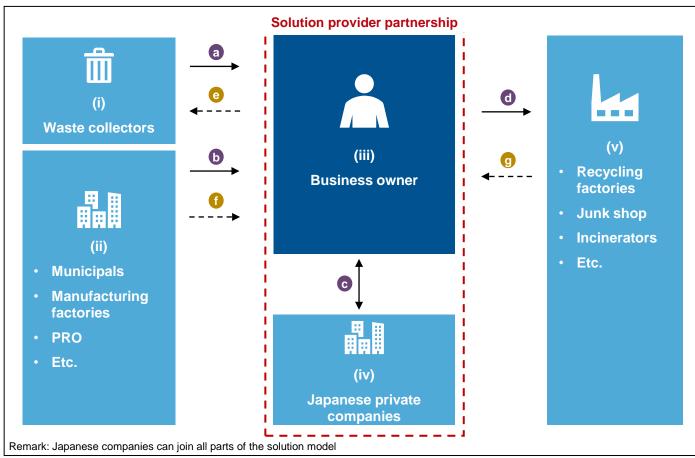


## **Solution 5 – Material recovery facility**

#### Goal

- To get higher quality supplies to produce higher quality recycled material
- · To maximize the quantity of recyclable materials

### **Solution model hypothesis**



### **Explanation**



#### **Roles**

- (i) Collect mismanaged waste for MRF
- (ii) Send their waste to MRF
- (iii) Establish MRF and oversee day-to-day operations
  - Clean MRF = Industrial waste MRF
  - Dirty MRF = Municipal waste MRF
- (iv) Transfer technology and know-how
- (v) Buy sorted waste from MRF



#### **Activities**

- (a) Send mismanaged waste
- (b) Send their mixed waste
- (c) Partner for technology and know-how transfer
- (d) Deliver sorted waste



#### Cash flow

- (e) Pre-payment collection fee/wage
- (f) Operational fee
- (g) Waste sales revenue





Cash flow



Business owner

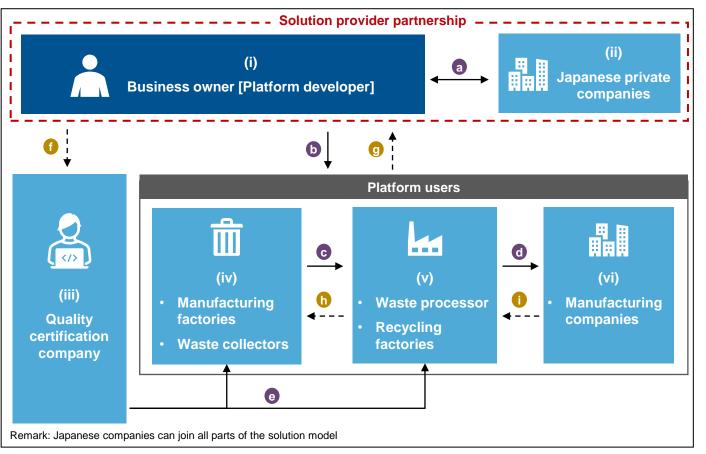
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## **Solution 7 – Online matching platform**

Goal

- To match demand with supplies of waste and recycled materials
- To provide plastic waste information that will be useful for businesses

### Solution model hypothesis



### **Explanation**



#### **Roles**

- (i) Manage operations and continuously update know-how provided for the online platform
- Demand and supplies information
- Domestic and international standards for recycled materials and products
- Guideline for circulation transformation
- (ii) Transfer technology and know-how (iii) Certify quality
- Of waste from waste generator and waste collector
- Of recycled materials from waste processor
- (iv) Sell waste to waste processor
- (v) Buy waste or sell recycled materials
- (vi) Buy recycled materials



#### **Activities**

- (a) Partner know-how / information transfer
- (b) Provide access to online platform
- (c) Deliver waste
- (d) Deliver recycled materials
- (e) Certify quality of products sold on the platform



#### Cash flow

- (f) Service fee/wage
- (g) Subscription/commission fee
- (h) Cash flow from waste sales
- (i) Cash flow from recycled material sales









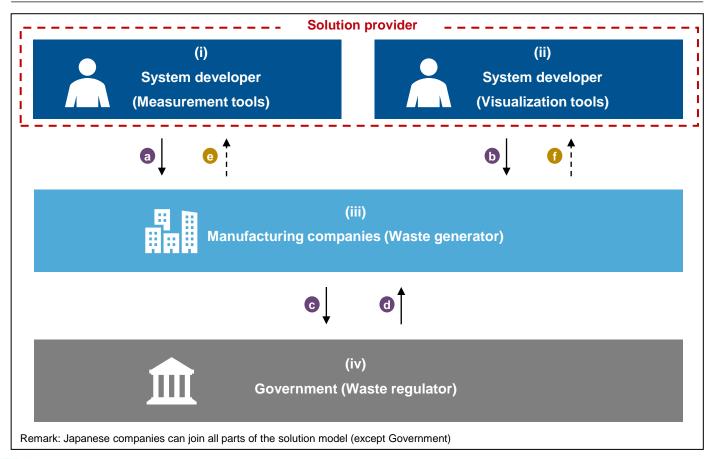
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## **Solution 8 – Data collection and analysis tools**

Goal

- To help waste generator collect and analyze data more accurately
- To help waste generator monitor waste generator more effectively

### **Solution model hypothesis**



### **Explanation**



#### **Roles**

- (i) Provide measurement tools or machines to help with data collection (e.g. Traceability system, real-time data integration)
- (ii) Provide visualization tools to help with data analysis (e.g. plastic waste visualization dashboard)
- (iii) Utilize the tools for better data collection, analysis, and report to waste regulator (iv) Regulate waste generator [Optional in this solution model]



#### **Activities**

- (a) Provide access to measurement tools
- (b) Provide access to visualization tools
- **(c) Deliver industrial waste report** created by the tools to waste regulator
- (d) Monitor waste generator



#### Cash flow

- (e) Measurement tools subscription fee
- (f) Visualization tools subscription fee





Cash flow







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